

Traditional assembly language:

...

```
rlwinm r27,r21,11,0x7f8
```

```
lwzx r27,r7,r27
```

```
rlwinm r31,r29,0,0xff000000
```

```
xor r29,r20,r25
```

```
rlwimi r31,r30,0,0xff0000
```

...

The qhasm assembly language:

...

```
q3 = 0x7f8 & (x3 <<< 11)
```

```
q3 = *(uint32 *) (tab1 + q3)
```

```
f = 0xff000000 & q0
```

```
y3 = z3 ^ p30
```

```
f bits 0xff0000 = q1
```

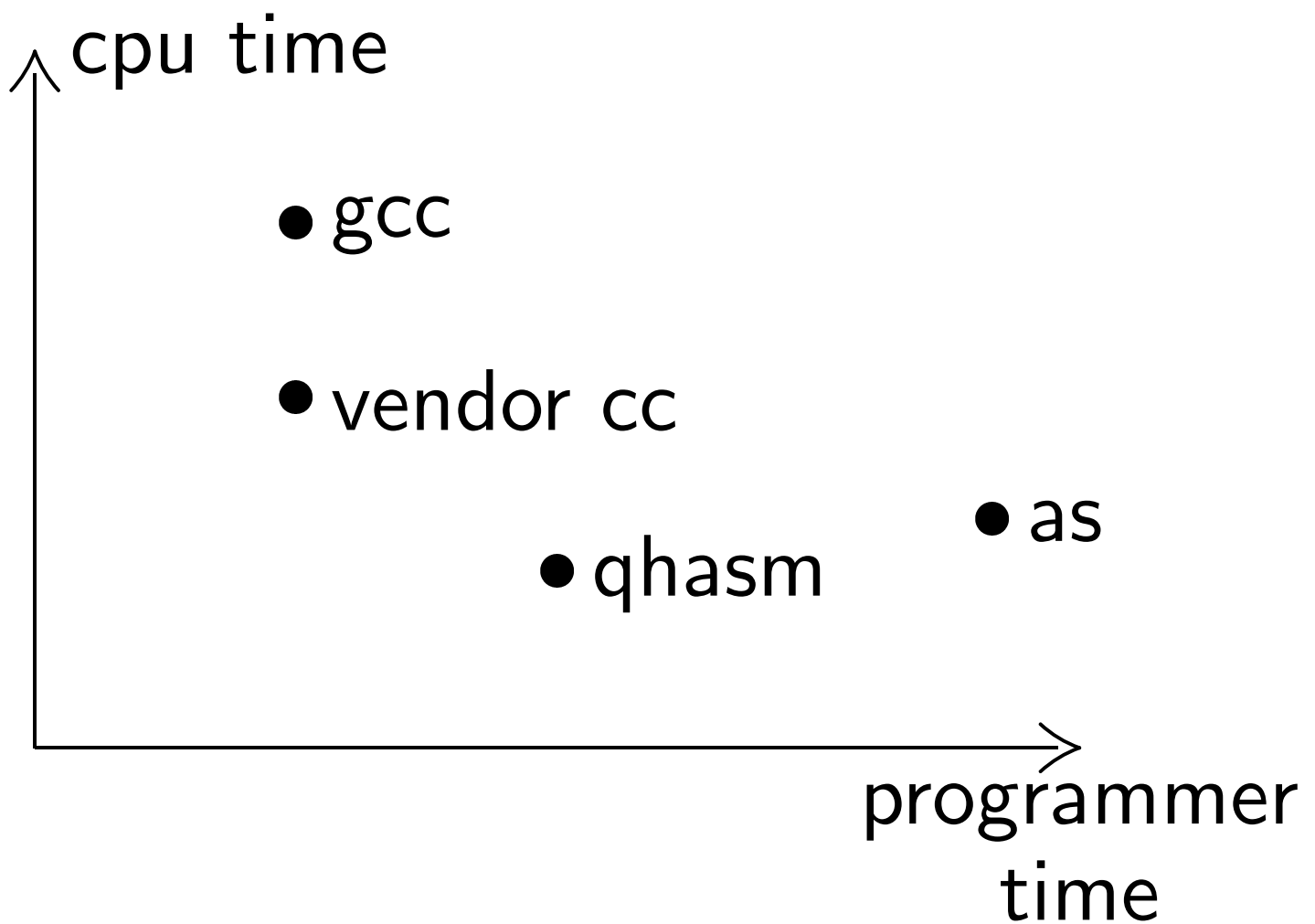
...

Fifth instruction in C:

```
f =
```

```
(f & ~0xff0000) | (q1 & 0xff0000)
```

User cooperates with qhasm tools to easily achieve excellent register allocation, excellent instruction scheduling, automated range verification, etc.



Have any challenges for qhasm?

“This C function is time-critical:

...

Can you make it faster using qhasm?”

Send to the qhasm mailing list:

<http://cr.yp.to/qhasm.html>